## Annual Conference EMSP

## Prevention in Multiple Sclerosis and Related Disorders:

Uncovering Risk and Protective Factors

PRA | 16-17 MAY GUE | 2025







# Annual Conference EMSP

Results of the Impact of Multiple Sclerosis
Symptoms Survey

Tommaso Manacorda & Patricia Moghames







#### Rationale

EMSP MS Barometer in 2020 shows that access to DMTs, symptomatic treatment and care was different in countries across Europe

As little information was available on **symptom prevalence**, **burden and management** quality consultation with EMSP member organisations  $\rightarrow$  Led to IMSS coming to life!

Filling the gaps in knowledge on symptoms from the perspective of patients

**Exploring gaps and shortcomings in services** needed to improve symptom burden to enable **policy and advocacy actions** 





















































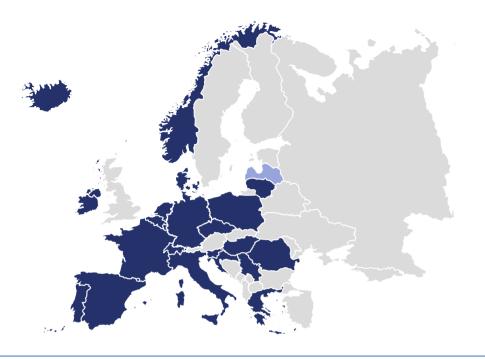




#### **Working Group**

- Composition of WG: people with MS, neurologists, occupational therapist, rehabilitation specialist, academic, researchers, data managers
- Survey developed and translated with participating member organisations

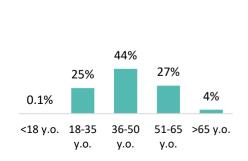
Society or Institution	Member
Belgian MS Society	Christiane Tihon
Dutch MS Association	David Engelhard
MS Society of Luxembourg	Isabelle Cames
MS Center Melsbroek; KU Leuven	Daphne Kos
Hasselt University	Peter Feys
Portuguese MS Society	Magda Fonseca
Croatian MS Society	Nataša Hlaban
Swiss MS Society	Nina Steinemann
MS International Federation	Rachel King
Growth for Knowledge (GfK)	Sara Anda – Patricia Primo
Italian MS Society	Tommaso Manacorda

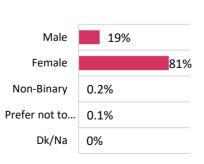


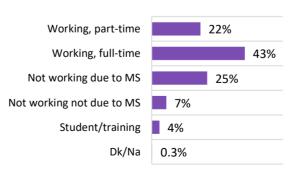


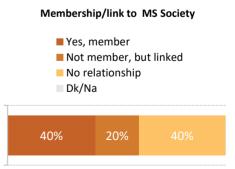
#### 17,151 PwMS

Belgium · Croatia · Czech Republic Denmark · France · Germany · Greece Hungary · Iceland · Ireland · Italy · Lithuania · Luxembourg · Netherlands · Norway · Poland · Portugal · Romania · Serbia · Slovenia · Spain · Switzerland

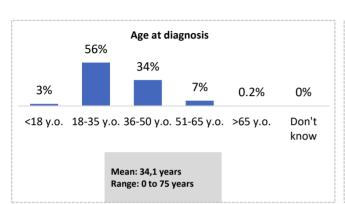


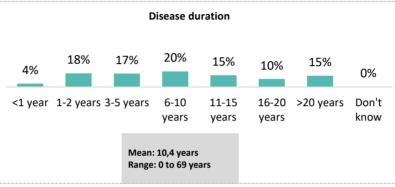


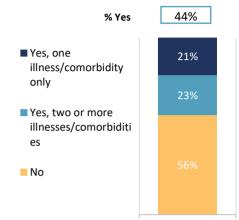




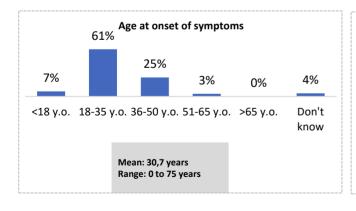
#### **Clinical Situation**

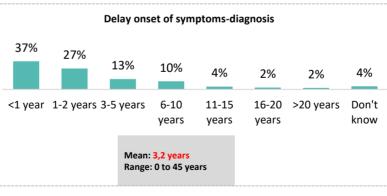


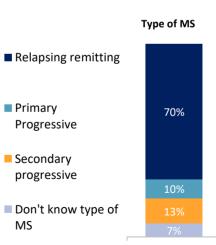




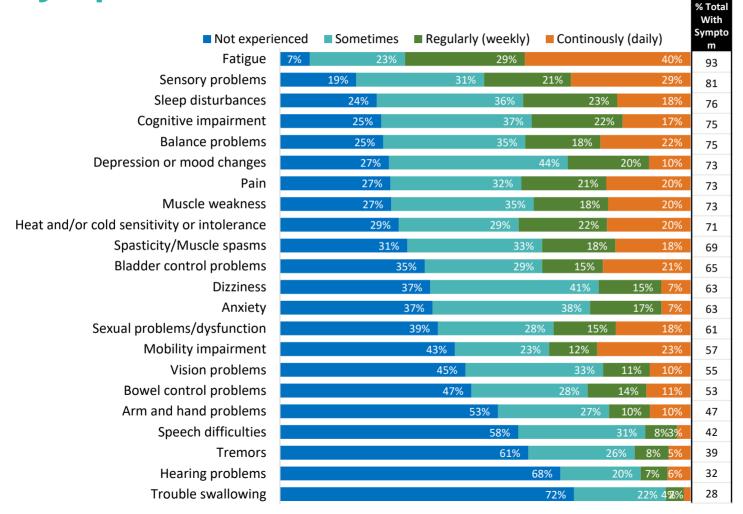
Comorbidities







### Symptoms - Prevalence (last 3 months)



#### **DISEASE DURATION**

0-5 YEARS 6-15 YEARS >15 YEARS

n=	6210	6236	4653
Average number of	13,2	13,6	14,5
symptoms	•	•	•

People with at least 1 symptom:

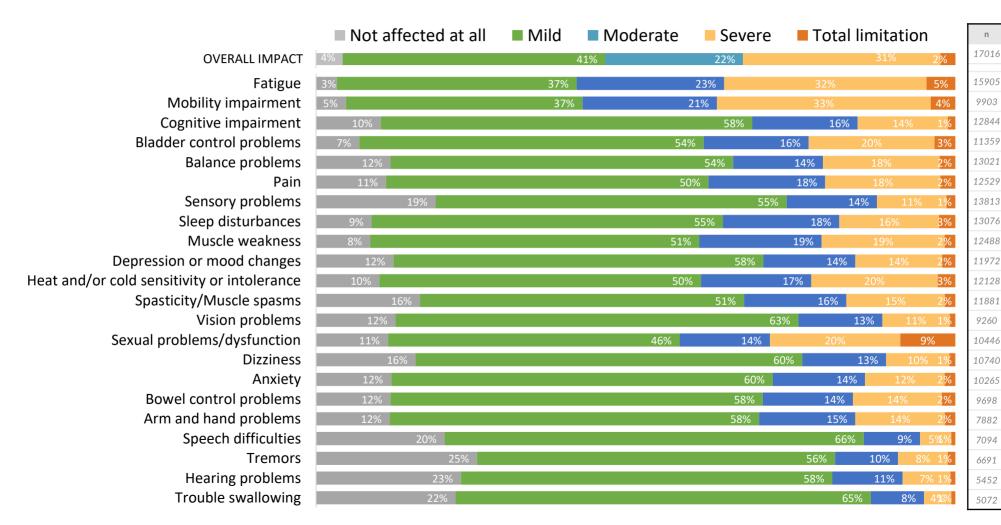
99%

People without any symptom:

1%

Average 13,7 symptoms

### **Symptoms - Severity**



#### **Management of symptoms**

Speech difficulties 73% 27% Trouble swallowing 73% 27% Hearing problems 72% 28% Sexual problems/ dysfunction 71% 29% Vision problems 41% 59% Heat/cold sensitivity/intolerance 55% 45% Cognitive impairment 50% 50% Sensory problems 46% 54% Dizziness 45% 55% Bowel control problems 44% 56% Tremors 58% 42% Sleep disturbances 59% 41% Anxiety 40% 60% Bladder control problems 39% 61% Depression or mood changes 38% 62% Balance problems 30% 70% Fatigue 27% 73% Arm and hand problems 26% 74% Pain 24% 76% Spasticity/Muscle spasms 22% 78% Muscle weakness 17% 83% Mobility impairment 93% Any symptom 13% 87% Not managed Managed

#### Avg 4,2 healthcare professionals involved

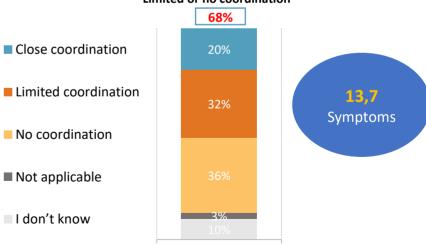
- Neurologist 99%
- GP 78%
- Nurse 38%
- Psychologist/psychiatrist 26%
- .

#### Avg 5,6 care approaches

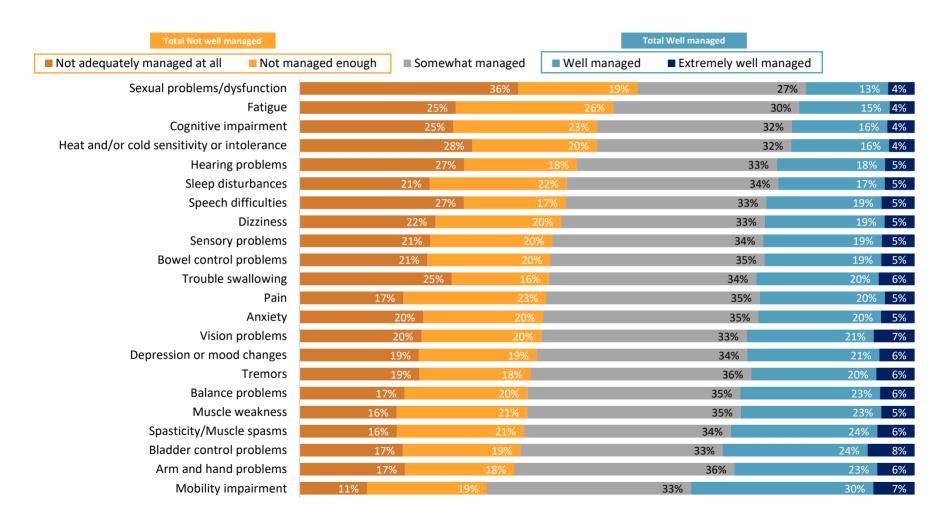
- Medication 71%
- Lifestyle changes 70%
- Therapy /treatments 56%
- ...

#### **Coordination between professionals**





#### Satisfaction with management of symptoms



### Scientific publication drafted and submitted to Multiple Sclerosis Journal (MSJ)

Impact of multiple sclerosis symptoms (IMSS) survey: patient-reported data on the prevalence, burden, and management of multiple sclerosis symptoms in Europe

Authors: Peter Feys, Patricia Moghames, Elisabeth Kasilingam, Rachel King, Tommaso Manacorda, Magda Fonseca, Emma Rogan, Daphne Kos

#### Affiliations:

- Peter Feys, UHasselt, REVAL Rehabilitation Research Center & UMSC Hasselt-Pelt;
   Email: peter.feys@uhasselt.be, Hasselt, Belgium
- Patricia Moghames, European Multiple Sclerosis Platform; Email: patricia.moghames@emsp.org, Brussels, Belgium
- Elisabeth Kasilingam, European Multiple Sclerosis Platform; E-mail: elisabeth.kasilingam@emsp.org, Brussels, Belgium
- Rachel King, Multiple Sclerosis International Federation; E-mail: <a href="mailto:rachel@msif.org">rachel@msif.org</a>,
   London, United Kingdom
- Tommaso Manacorda, Italian Multiple Sclerosis Society; E-mail: tommaso.manacorda@aism.it, Genoa, Italy
- Magda Fonseca, Research and Innovation Department, Portuguese Society of Multiple Sclerosis; E-mail: magda.fonseca@spem.pt, Porto, Portugal
- Emma Rogan, European Multiple Sclerosis Platform; E-mail: ej\_rogan@yahoo.co.uk
   emma.rogan@emsp.org; Dublin, Ireland
- Daphne Kos, KU Leuven, Department of Rehabilitation Research, Leuven, Belgium; National MS Center, Melsbroek, Belgium; Email: <a href="mailto:daphne.kos@kuleuven.be">daphne.kos@kuleuven.be</a>, Leuven and Melsbroek, Belgium.

## **Key results**

People with MS live with an overwhelming number of symptoms, many of them are

- Invisible
- Underreported
- Undertreated

A large number of symptoms is already there at diagnosis Treatments exists, but they are often provided in a non coordinated way

Is the data telling us anything we did not already know?



Join at slido.com #2556 133

# Are the IMSS results important? Why?

# How can these results benefit people with MS?

### From stories to evidence: Why this matters

We've all heard the personal stories — now we have evidence

Evidence shows how widespread and systemic these challenges are — not isolated experiences

Magnitude of problems gives us priorities, that enables the shift between awareness and action

IMSS gives us a solid foundation to move towards evidence-based advocacy

## Data helps us rethink MS symptoms & treatments

Symptoms aren't secondary: it is how MS leads to function loss and disability

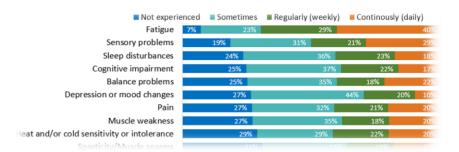
 Treatments protect quality of life so symptom management must be started as soon as possible: that is secondary prevention!

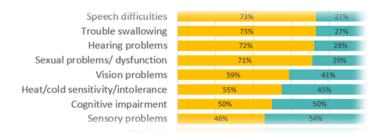
Treatments must be available when they are needed: within people's time, location, financial means, and context

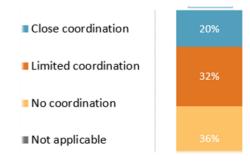
 13 symptoms mean that treatments are likely provided by several professionals, working in different organizations

#### What needs to be done?

- Raise awareness about symptoms and the risk of under-treatment
- Improve availability of rehabilitation
- Improve access to symptomatic drugs
- Improve access to interdisciplinary care to manage symptoms
- Design a system that supports the person — not one where the person has to manage the system







#### Who is this data for?

This isn't just research - this is your tool.

The data is meant to be used by MS societies, healthcare advocates, and policymakers.

The ball is in **our court** — EMSP and its members.

→ If not us, then who? If not now, then when?

#### **How Can MS Societies Use the IMSS Data?**

- Support advocacy at national level by using local findings to engage policymakers and health authorities.
- Shape policy narratives backed by data "We know what's missing, and here's the evidence."
- Push for changes in the actual delivery of services, not just what's written in policies.
- Highlight policy options: e.g. funding for rehabilitation, MS nurse roles, integrated care pathways, etc.





## Advocacy Toolkit

- Country sheets (each country)
- European sheet
- Results PowerPoints (each country)
- Social media cards (templates)
- Press release (template)
- Blogpost (template)
- Poster (template)
- Webpage (template)





Impact of Multiple Sclerosis Symptoms (IMSS)

Despite progress in multiple sclerosis (MS) care, healthcare systems across Europe still lack a coordinated and prioritised approach to managing MS symptoms effectively. MS is a lifelong neurological condition affecting more than 1.2 million people in Europe, yet many continue to face gaps in care and support.

The European Multiple Sclerosis Platform (EMSP) is spearheading research to understand how people with MS experience and manage their symptoms across the continent. By identifying disparities EMSP aims to promote stronger collaboration among key stakeholders to effectively address unmet needs.

The Impact of Multiple Sclerosis Symptoms (IMSS) initiative seeks to drive policy change, improve care pathways, and enhance rehabilitation outcomes, ensuring that people with MS receive the **comprehensive support** they deserve.

Anna's story is just one example of how MS reshapes lives — and why understanding these experiences is crucial for improving care.

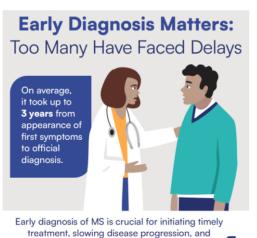




EMSP and 24 national MS societies across 22 countries collected real-life evidence on MS symptoms and management strategies. A total of 17.151 people with MS from 22 European countries participated in the IMSS survey from May 5 to August 31, 2023. The countries participating in IMSS were Belgium, Croatia. Czech Republic, Denmark, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Norrway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Serbis, Slovenia, Spain, and Switzerland. IMSS fact sheets for countries and European findings are now published!

https://emsp.org/proj ects/impact-ofmultiple-sclerosissymptoms-imss/ Advocacy Toolkit that can be tailored for each country (findings and language) are now available for member organisations.



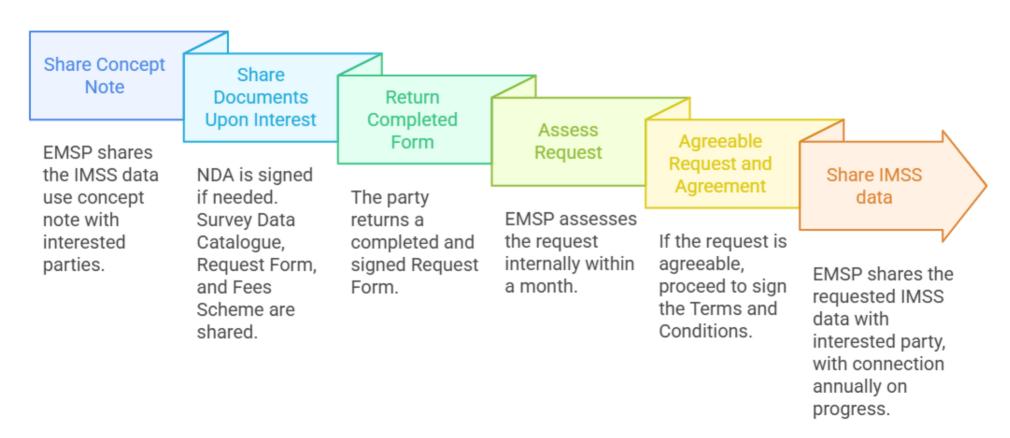


preserving quality of life.





#### IMSS Data Sharing Process



## THANK YOU!

For more information on the IMSS survey, please contact <a href="mailto:patricia.moghames@emsp.org">patricia.moghames@emsp.org</a>

















